

UNIVERSIDAD DEL VALLE
FACULTAD DE HUMANIDADES
ESCUELA DE CIENCIAS DEL LENGUAJE
LECTURA DE TEXTOS CONTABLES EN INGLÉS

Assets – Liabilities Activity

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Noun phrases (I)

- **The percentage of promisory notes given by the business to someone to whom it owes money.**
- **An account receivable that arises from the sale of merchandise on account.**
- **The maturity date of the obligation and other essential descriptive data.**
- **An obligation that is due and payable twenty years after it is incurred.**

Noun phrases (II)

- **Liabilities that will be due within a short period and that are to be liquidated out of current funds.**
- **Collections received in advance for which goods or services will have to be given in the next fiscal period.**
- **Supplies on hand and prepayments of expenses of a subsequent period.**

Connectives (I)

- **When** a long-term liability is to be renewed at maturity rather than paid, it should continue to be classed as a fixed liability.
- **Unlike** merchandise inventory and accounts receivable, prepaid expenses are not expected to be sold or realized in cash in the normal course of business operations.
- It is expected that some fixed assets will be worn out through use, **although** they may be sold when they no longer serve the purpose for which they were acquired.

Connectives (II)

- **Inasmuch as** (because) obligations due and payable within a year are classed as current liabilities, it follows that obligations not payable within a year are classed as fixed liabilities.
- **Although** a building may no longer be valuable because of its age or its condition, the land still remains. **Because of** this difference, it is desirable to show the land value separately.

Scanning

- 1. Give an example of unearned income.**
- 2. Give 2 examples of items that are current assets until they are used up.**
- 3. Give 2 examples of prepaid insurances.**
- 4. Give an example of a fixed liability that becomes a current liability.**
- 5. What happens when the maturity of a fixed asset falls within the one-year limitation?**

Balance sheet activity

- **The Crazy Firm has accounts payable of \$1.000, a building (value: \$10.000), accrued liabilities of \$1.000, income taxes payable of \$1.000, money orders of \$1.000, 3 computers (value: \$500 each one), stationery (value: \$1.000), mortgage payable of \$1.000, and its own warehouse (value: \$5.000). Prepare a balance sheet for this firm.**