

I. Activity 1. Present tense, past tense, present perfect tense.

1. The new tax rates have effect only on urban real estate.
a. Rewrite this sentence in present tense and past tense but use the tax instead of the new tax rates. b. Ask two questions related to this statement in present tense and past tense.
2. A country is better off when it _____ the commodities it is best at producing, and _____ in the rest from abroad.
a. Fill in the blanks with the proper forms of the verb **export** and **bring**. b. Rewrite this sentence in past tense. c. Rewrite this sentence in present tense and past tense but this time use countries instead of a country. d. Ask two questions related to this statement in present tense and past tense.
3. Her income has become so restricted that _____ normal activities, such as grocery shopping or driving.
a. Fill in the blanks with the proper pronoun and the proper form of the verb **avoid**. b. Rewrite this sentence in past tense. c. Rewrite this sentence using their incomes instead of her income.
4. The managers carry out a careful diagnostic evaluation of the income statements.
a. Rewrite this sentence in present tense, past tense and present perfect tense but use the manager instead of the managers. b. Ask two questions related to this statement in present tense and past tense.
5. That country **received** a substantial amount of assistance in kind again in 1978 but this time the help didn't work for it.
a. Rewrite this sentence in present tense, past tense, and present perfect tense but use those countries instead of that country and change the verb (use **get**). b. Ask two questions related to this statement in present tense and past tense.
6. This firm has unsuccessfully _____ a new financial partner because _____ is very affected by the sudden plummet of its shares.
a. Fill in the blanks with the proper form of the verb **seek** and the proper pronoun. b. Rewrite this sentence in past tense. c. Rewrite this sentence in past tense and present perfect tense but this time use these firms instead of this firm.

II. Actividad 2. Fisiología

1. ¿Cuál es la Patm en el Mt Everest en mayo y en octubre?
2. ¿Cuál es la Patm en Cali (1.000 msnm)?
3. ¿Cuál es la Patm en Bogotá (2.600 msnm)?
4. ¿Es factible escalar el Mt Everest sin O₂ en enero? ¿Por qué?
5. ¿Por qué la Patm disminuye cuando nos acercamos a los polos?
6. ¿Cuánto aumenta la fuerza de aceleración centrífuga si se duplica la velocidad de giro?
7. ¿Qué sucede con la Part de una persona que ha sido sometida a una fuerza de aceleración centrífuga de +3.3 G a los 7 y a los 20 segundos? ¿Por qué?
8. Compare G positiva y G negativa en términos de sus efectos sobre el aparato circulatorio.
9. Un aeroplano hace un rizo hacia fuera y crea una fuerza que triplica el peso del aviador.
¿Cuál será el valor de dicha fuerza?